

## **Security Council**

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## RESOLUTION 1150 (1998)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 3851st meeting, on 30 January 1998

The Security Council,

<u>Recalling</u> all its relevant resolutions, <u>reaffirming</u> in particular resolution 1124 (1997) of 31 July 1997, and <u>recalling</u> the statement of its President of 6 November 1997 (S/PRST/1997/50),

<u>Having considered</u> the report of the Secretary-General of 19 January 1998 (S/1998/51),

<u>Supporting</u> the vigorous efforts to move the peace process forward made by the Secretary-General and his Special Representative aimed at achieving a comprehensive political settlement of the conflict, including on the political status of Abkhazia within the State of Georgia, respecting fully the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Georgia, with the assistance of the Russian Federation as facilitator, as well as of the group of Friends of the Secretary-General and of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE),

<u>Stressing</u> in this context the importance of the Concluding Statement adopted in Geneva on 19 November 1997 in which both sides welcomed, <u>inter alia</u>, the proposals of the Secretary-General to strengthen the involvement of the United Nations in the peace process, approved a programme of action and set up a mechanism for its implementation,

<u>Reaffirming</u> the necessity for the parties strictly to respect human rights, <u>expressing</u> its support for the efforts of the Secretary-General to find ways to improve their observance as an integral part of the work towards a comprehensive political settlement, and <u>noting</u> developments in the work of the United Nations Human Rights Office in Abkhazia, Georgia,

Deeply concerned at the continuing unsettled and tense security situation in the Gali region, characterized by the laying of mines, by a rising number of criminal activities, including kidnapping and murder, and, most seriously, by significantly increased subversive activities by armed groups which disrupt the peace process and impede a settlement of the conflict and the return of

98-01980 (E)

S/RES/1150 (1998) Page 2

refugees, and at the resulting lack of safety and security for the local population, for the refugees and displaced persons returning to the region, for aid workers and for the personnel of the United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia (UNOMIG) and of the Collective Peacekeeping Forces of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS peacekeeping force),

<u>Welcoming</u> in this context the contribution that the CIS peacekeeping force and UNOMIG have made to stabilizing the situation in the zone of conflict, <u>noting</u> that the cooperation between UNOMIG and the CIS peacekeeping force is good and has continued to develop, and <u>stressing</u> the importance of continued close cooperation and coordination between them in the performance of their respective mandates,

1. Welcomes the report of the Secretary-General of 19 January 1998;

2. <u>Notes with satisfaction</u> that much groundwork has now been laid towards achieving substantive progress in the peace process but <u>reiterates</u> its deep concern that, as yet, no significant progress has been made on the key issues in the settlement of the conflict in Abkhazia, Georgia;

3. <u>Commends</u> the parties for the constructive approach shown at the Geneva meeting on 17 to 19 November 1997, <u>welcomes</u> in this context the establishment and the first meetings of the Coordinating Council and, within its framework, of working groups, under the chairmanship of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, and <u>stresses</u> the importance of the effective working of these bodies in order to help progress towards a settlement;

4. <u>Emphasizes</u> that the primary responsibility for reinvigorating the peace process rests upon the parties themselves, and <u>reminds</u> them that the ability of the international community to assist them depends on their political will to resolve the conflict through dialogue and mutual accommodation and on their taking real steps towards bringing about a comprehensive political settlement of the conflict through the speediest possible agreement on and signature of the relevant documents;

5. <u>Reaffirms</u> the particular importance it attaches to the more active role for the United Nations in the peace process, <u>encourages</u> the Secretary-General and his Special Representative to continue their efforts, with the assistance of the Russian Federation as facilitator, and with the support of the group of Friends of the Secretary-General and the OSCE, and <u>calls upon</u> the parties to work constructively with them to achieve a comprehensive settlement;

6. <u>Encourages</u> the continuation of direct dialogue between the parties, <u>calls upon</u> them to intensify the search for a peaceful solution by further expanding their contacts, and <u>requests</u> the Secretary-General to make available all appropriate support if so requested by the parties;

7. <u>Recalls</u> the conclusions of the Lisbon summit of the OSCE (S/1997/57, annex) regarding the situation in Abkhazia, Georgia, <u>reaffirms</u> the unacceptability of the demographic changes resulting from the conflict and the right of all refugees and displaced persons affected by the conflict to return to their homes in secure conditions in accordance with international law and as set out in the Quadripartite Agreement of 4 April 1994 on the voluntary return

of refugees and displaced persons (S/1994/397, annex II), <u>encourages</u> the Secretary-General to take such steps as are necessary, in cooperation with the parties, to ensure a prompt and safe return of the refugees and displaced persons to their homes, and <u>stresses</u> the urgent need for progress in this area, in particular from the Abkhaz side;

8. <u>Calls upon</u> the parties to ensure the full implementation of the Moscow Agreement of 14 May 1994 on a Ceasefire and Separation of Forces (S/1994/583, annex I);

9. <u>Condemns</u> the intensified activities by armed groups, including the continued laying of mines, in the Gali region, and <u>calls upon</u> the parties to honour fully their commitments to take all measures in their power and to coordinate their efforts to prevent such activities, and to cooperate fully with UNOMIG and the CIS peacekeeping force in order to ensure the safety and the freedom of movement of all personnel of the United Nations, the CIS peacekeeping force and international humanitarian organizations;

10. <u>Welcomes</u> the additional steps taken in order to improve security conditions so as to minimize the danger to UNOMIG personnel and to create conditions for the effective performance of its mandate and <u>urges</u> the Secretary-General to continue to make further arrangements in this field;

11. <u>Decides</u> to extend the mandate of UNOMIG for a new period terminating on 31 July 1998 subject to a review by the Council of the mandate of UNOMIG in the event of any changes that may be made in the mandate or in the presence of the CIS peacekeeping force;

12. Encourages further contributions to address the urgent needs of those suffering most from the consequences of the conflict in Abkhazia, Georgia, in particular internally displaced persons, including contributions to the voluntary fund in support of the implementation of the Moscow Agreement and/or for humanitarian aspects including demining, as specified by donors, <u>requests</u> the Secretary-General to consider the means of providing technical and financial assistance aimed at the reconstruction of the economy of Abkhazia, Georgia, following the successful outcome of the political negotiations, and <u>welcomes</u> the planning of a needs assessment mission;

13. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General to continue to keep the Council regularly informed, to report after three months from the date of the adoption of this resolution on the situation in Abkhazia, Georgia, including on the operations of UNOMIG, and to provide recommendations in that report on the nature of the United Nations presence, and, in this context, <u>expresses its intention</u> to conduct a thorough review of the operation at the end of its current mandate;

14. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter.

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